Compressed SENSE1 Year Update

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Compressed SENSE – First experiences

Philips 3T Ingenia Static MRI with in-bore experience Installed 2017 Compressed SENSE 3 month trial autumn 2018







Compressed SENSE....1 year update

- Patient throughput and image quality during 3 month trial
- Patient feedback
- Throughput results with CS compared to pre-CS
- Application of CS to other examinations



Compressed SENSE

Sensitivity Encoding

Compressed Sensing

SENSE using parallel imaging and coil sensitivity reference scans Under-sampling data which is then reconstructed and filtered

Acceleration technique resulting in faster scan times and / or increased quality





Compressed SENSE Speed done right. Every time.

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Since its introduction, MR has been challenged by matters of speed. Today, the imperative to shorten MR exams without impeding image quality has become even more urgent, because an increase in chronic conditions has led to a growing use of MR, which when combined with declining reimbursements has created a need for a paradigm shift in productivity^[12]. This white paper explains the main principles of Compressed SENSE and how it introduces a paradigm shift in productivity, how Compressed SENSE was designed around image quality, and how it advances productivity for clinical MR imaging.

More information can be found in articles on Netforum



All authors are Philips employees

Compressed SENSE

'Compressed SENSE accelerates scans by up to 50% with virtually equal image quality'

Sint-Jan Hospital in Bruges, Belgium:

30-50% decrease in scan time

30% most sequences with same image quality50% high contrast with same image quality50% other examinations with image quality compromise

https://www.philips.co.uk/healthcare/product/HCNMRF203/compressed-sense---brain-mr-clinical-applications?elqTrackId=090d3444b16c4373bfb9247299392082&elqaid=1274&elqat=2#_watch



Knee





Sense 1.2 4min 2secs CS 2.5 1min 57secs



Knee







CS 2 1min 45secs



Knee



No SENSE 2mins 45secs CS 2 1min 25secs



Shoulder









Compressed SENSE



CS 2 2min 26secs

CS 2.5 2min 23secs



Compressed SENSE





CS 5 2min 47secs CS2 2mins



Compressed SENSE Time Saving

	Standard examination	Compressed Sense
Knee	12 mins	6 mins
Shoulder	17 mins	9 mins
Ankle	22 mins	13 mins
L-spine	21 mins	16 mins
Brain (4 sequences)	14 mins	8 mins





Breast

EPI	TSE
SENSE 3	CS 4
2 NSA	6 NSA
2.2x2.2 acq resolution	1.97x2.21 acq resolution
1.2x1.2 recon resolution	1.47x1.47 recon resolution
2mm slice thickness 5mins 26secs	4 mm slice thickness 6mins











Breast



CS 12 ACQ 0.8X0.72X1.8 RECON 0.63X0.63X0.9 3min 54

SENSE 3 ACQ 0.8X0.82X1.8 RECON 0.63X0.63X0.9 6min 32



Patient Comments

Question

1. Have you had an MRI scan before?

2. Were you anxious about having an MRI scan today?

3. Were you offered a choice of coloured room lighting before your scan?

3a. If 'Yes' to the above question, did this make a positive difference to your scan?

4. Were you offered a choice of video images to watch during your scan (only available for some scans)

5. Were you able to watch the video images during your scan?

5a. If 'Yes' to the above question, did this make a positive difference to you?





If you have had an MRI scan before, how did your experience today differ from your previous scan(s)?

The gurney was more comfortable to lay on & the machine much wider & therefore Scans now are much quicker, the video images take away the impression of the close proximity of the tunnel roof. comfortable for my size. A lot more room/airy/more light Very quick. Very positive experience - offered video & Different part of body so difficult to compare, but very clear about process. radio. Calm, professional & caring staff. Not claustrophobic myself but can see how Friendly & efficient staff & comfortable this would be a positive for anyone anxious during scan. or nervous about having an MRI. The helmet was less constrictive.

Results after 3 month trial

MSK and routine brain appointment slots reduced to 20mins

Weekly throughput comparison with previous year: Additional 17-20 body parts per week

No changes made to

- Breast list
- One stop clinic sessions
- Research
- Abdomen and pelvis (male / female)



Patient Throughput 2017 compared to 2019

Number of Examinations performed on the 3T							
	Jan	Feb	Apr	Jul	Aug	Sep	Total
3T scans in 2017	455	395	390	310	490	476	2516
3T scans in 2019	571	539	503	643	569	604	3429
Number increase in scans	116	144	113	333	79	128	913
Average Increase	20.3%	26.7%	22.5%	51.8%	13.9%	21.2%	26.6%



Patient Throughput 2017 compared to 2019

Number of Examinations performed on the 3T Grouped by Body Part							
	Jan	Feb	Apr	Jul	Aug	Sep	Total
Shoulders 2017	32	24	21	13	24	26	140
Shoulders 2019	42	36	32	38	30	36	214
Increase in Shoulder scans	10	12	11	25	6	10	74
Average increase in shoulder scans	23.8%	33.3%	34.4%	65.8%	20.0%	27.8%	34.6%



Patient Throughput 2017 to 2019

	% CHANGE
Ankle	46% to 64% increase
Breast	45% to 67% increase
Brain	37% to 76% increase
Knees *	10% to 60%
Shoulder	20% to 65%
Pelvis	40%-80%



Compressed SENSE....1 year update



Sutilised for efficiency



Prostate Waiting List

Long waiting list at local NHS Trust for staging MRI scans Agreement to scan prostate examinations using their protocol with no report Up to 11 patients per week

Protocol: Sag T2w SFOV Cor T2w SFOV Ax T2w SFOV DWI 500,1000 DWI 2000

Ax T1w whole pelvis

Antispasmodic

☑ I.V. contrast agent

>30mins examination time?





Prostate Waiting List

	Standard	Compressed Sense
Sag T2w multi-vane	5mins 13	No CS
Cor T2w SFOV	5min 47	3mins
Ax T2w SFOV	6mins	3min 38
DWI b500/b1000	5min 48	No CS
DWI b2000	5min 37	No CS
Ax T1w pelvis	3min 30	1min 16
TOTAL EXAMINATION TIME	> 32 mins	25mins
		Cabalt

Prostate Waiting List





MRI in Ovarian Cancer

The impact of multi-parametric MRI on the Staging and Management of Patients with suspected or confirmed ovarian cancer



Comparing CT and mpMRI

- Diagnostic accuracy
- Cost

Aim to avoid unnecessary cancer surgery or suboptimal surgery options



MRI in Ovarian Cancer

The impact of multi-parametric MRI on the Staging and Management of Patients with suspected or confirmed ovarian cancer

Protocol: Sag T2w TSE pelvis Cor T2w TSE pelvis

> Ax T2w chest/abdo/pelvis Ax T1w DIXON chest/abdo/pelvis – 3 stacks Ax DWI chest/abdo/pelvis

Standard: 33mins CS: 25mins

Cor T2w chest/abdo LFOV

Dynamic Ax T1w DIXON



Breast

Abbreviated Breast Protocol For Imaging Dense Breasts

	B	C	D
Category A	Category B	Category C	Category D
Almost Entirely Fatty	Scattered areas of fibroglandular density	Heterogeneously dense	Extremely dense
10 % of women	40 % of women	40 % of women	10 % of women



https://www.uwhealth.org/files/uwhealth/images/breast_care/dense-breast-tissue-chart-600.jpg

Abbreviated Breast Protocol

Alternatives to routine mammogram:

Hand held or automated ultrasound Contrast enhanced spectral mammography Contrast enhanced MRI (routine clinical scanning protocol)

Abbreviated MRI protocol:

Only for patients with dense breasts at routine mammography screening Age 50-70 MRI supplementary to routine mammograms





<10 min scan time 20 min appointment



Axial T2w TSE (2D)

Dynamic C.E. Dixon 3 phases (pre + 2 post) 60sec dynamic time recon: MIP Subtraction

Standard: 12mins CS: 5min 40mins



Compressed SENSE....1 year update

- Shorter examination times for routine scans
- Increased throughput
- Additional local waiting list work
- More time available for research studies
- Minimise scan time for long research protocol
- Maintain patient satisfaction



Thank you



Statistics - Fiona Deane

Patient questionnaire analysis - Karen Hackling-Searle

